

In the late 1990s, the British Columbia Geological Survey recognized the potential of southern and SE British Columbia to host significant gold mineralization. Two major styles of gold mineralization are considered prospective in the region: distal sediment-hosted gold mineralization similar to that found in Nevada (Carlin and related areas) and more proximal intrusive-related gold mineralization similar to that found in Yukon and Alaska in the Tintina Gold Belt.

As a result of the BCGS work, the Hall Lake Property was identified by Eagle Plains' personnel as an excellent grass roots exploration target for these types of deposits and claims were acquired in 2004. The property is located along the Hall Lake Fault, a large north/south-oriented regional fault structure shown to have continuity over 100km, and genetically linked to the Iron Range Fault which is currently being explored by Eagle Plains and Providence.



**Eagle Plains
Resources Ltd.**

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HALL LAKE PROPERTY

Eagle Plains Resources Ltd. (EPL : TSX-V) Hall Lake Property is located 50km west of Cranbrook, BC and consists of three contiguous claim blocks totaling 1779 ha. The claims cover a large (7.5 square-km) Cretaceous-aged granitic intrusive known as the Hall Lake Stock, which is hosted by Aldridge and Creston formation sediments. They are owned 100% by Eagle Plains Resources Ltd. and carry no underlying royalties or encumbrances.

Project Highlights

- Grab samples of contact zone between the dyke and host rocks return 1.77 g/t Au, 2.45 g/t Au, and 42g/t Ag.
- Anomalous Gold and Silver mineralization appears to be associated with a large felsic dyke located near the contact between the intrusive and the Creston sediments.

Project History

It is believed that no exploration work had been conducted on the project prior to Eagle Plains staking the property

Eagle Plains Program

2004 – rock geochemical sampling and prospecting.

2005 - A soil geochemical program was conducted in October 2005 on behalf of option partner Salomon Resources. Due to extreme weather conditions the work was limited in its extent.

Eagle Plains Future Plans

Recommendations for future work include mapping and sampling in the area of the mineralized dyke. Soil geochemical sampling should be extended to cover the mapped intrusive / sedimentary contact zone, and prospecting should focus on both the mineralized dyke and any veins or stockwork within the intrusion.

Geology

The property itself is dominated by a 2.5 km by 3.5 km upper Cretaceous porphyritic granitoid pluton that intrudes the conformable contact between moderately-dipping Middle and Upper Aldridge rocks to the east and overlying Creston Formation rocks to the west. The pluton also appears to cross-cut north – south trending, sub-vertical, regional scale thrust faults. The pluton is cut by a 7m wide NW striking subvertical felsic dyke which can be traced for over 1.5 km.

A project summary and detailed maps may be viewed at www.eagleplains.com